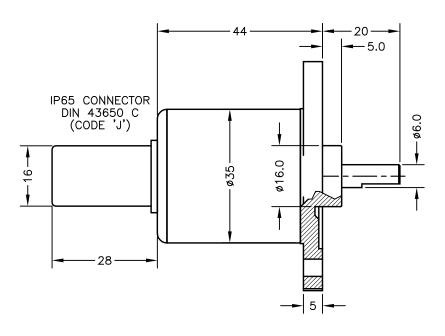
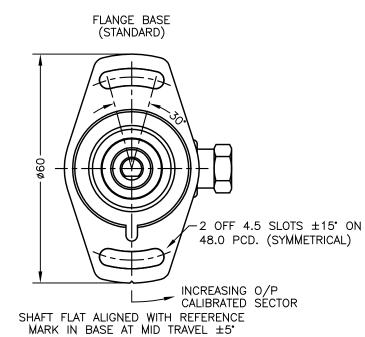
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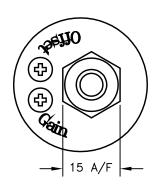


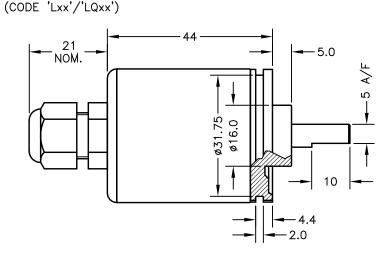
IP67 CABLE GLAND

IP67 SHORT CABLE GLAND

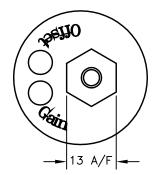
AXIAL (CODE 'Mxx'/'MQxx')







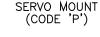
GAIN AND OFFSET ADJUSTMENTS SEALED (CODE 'Y')

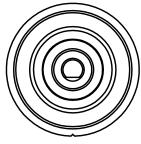


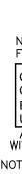
Α	FIRST ISSUE.	PDM	
В	DISP. 16 TO 160° WAS 20 TO 160° RAN442	PDM	
С	5-CORE OPTION ADDED ~ RAN1102	PDM	
D	RANGE NOTE AMENDED ~ RAN1200	PDM	
			DRAWINGS
			CHANGES T BY THE AU
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RAWINGS NOT TO BE CHANGED WITHOUT REFERENCE TO THE CHANGE PROCEDURE. HANGES TO PARTS USED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PRODUCT MUST BE APPROVED Y THE AUTHORISED PERSON HIS IS AN UNCONTROLLED PRINT AND WILL NOT BE UPDATED.

. 2







ELECTRICAL OPTIONS/ SPECIFICATIONS <u>OUTPUT</u> SUPPLY 0.5 TO 4.5V RATIOMETRIC 5V SUPPLY CURRENT 12mA TYP. 20mA MAX. CABLE: 0.2mm<sup>2</sup>, O/A SCREEN, PUR JACKET – SUPPLIED WITH 50cm OR REQUIRED LENGTH IN cm (15000cm MAX). STANDARD 3-CORE: JACKET Ø4mm BLACK e.g. 'L50' OPTIONAL 5-CORE: JACKET Ø4.6mm BLUE e.g. 'LQ50' CABLE/CONNECTOR\* CONNECTIONS; 3 CORE 5 CORE CONNECTOR RED RED :1 +Ve ORG :1 +SENSE (5-WIRE ONLY) :3 BLACK BLACK 0V :3 :2 GRY -SENSE (5-WIRE ONLY) WHITE WHITE OUTPUT :4 BODY SCREEN SCREEN \*CONNECTORS; MAXIMUM CONDUCTOR CROSS SECTION 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> RANGE OF DISPLACEMENT FROM 0-16' TO 0-160' e.g.76', IN INCREMENTS OF 1'. BODY MATERIAL:- STAINLESS STEEL. FLANGE BASE MATERIAL:- STAINLESS STEEL SERVO MOUNT MATERIAL:- STAINLESS STEEL. FURTHER OPTIONS: SPRING RETURN (CODE 'N') AVAILABLE UP TO  $\pm 50^\circ$  Calibrated output, Physical stops  $\pm 55^\circ$ 

NOTE STANDARD DEVICE HAS NO STOPS.

NOTE:- READ INSTALLATION SHEET G000-19 FOR FULL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE.

CSA APPROVED TO Class I Zone 0 Ex/AEx ia IIC T4 (Ta= -40 to  $80^{\circ}$ C) Ui 11.4V, Ii 0.2A, Pi 0.51W APPROVED FOR USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH A GALVANICALLY ISOLATED BARRIER. NOTE: APPROVAL ONLY APPLIES AT NORMAL ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE!



A B C	19/03/13 07/11/13 26/04/17	$\bigcirc \square$	CHECKED BY RDS	X ±0.4 X.X ±0.2 X.XX ±0.1 DIMS mm
D	11/09/17	DESCRIPTION G500 INTE ROTARY	RINSICALLY	SAFE
scA +	LE 10mm < <del>&gt;</del>	DRAWING NUMBER	G500-11 shee	REV D T 1 0F 1



# G500 ROTARY SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

- Intrinsically safe for Gas to: Class I, Zone 0 Ex ia / AEx ia Class 1 Division 1
- Non-contacting inductive technology to eliminate wear
- Angle set to customer's requirement
- Compact, durable and reliable
- High accuracy and stability
- Sealing to IP65/IP67 as required

As a leading designer and manufacturer of linear, rotary, tilt and intrinsically safe position sensors, Positek<sup>®</sup> has the expertise to supply a sensor to suit a wide variety of applications. Our G500 incorporates electronics system EX08 which is CSA approved for use in potentially explosive gas/vapour atmospheres. The G500 is designed for industrial and scientific feedback applications and is ideal for OEMs seeking good sensor performance for arduous applications in hazardous areas. The G500, like all Positek<sup>®</sup> sensors, is supplied with the output calibrated to the angle required by the customer, between 16 and 160 degrees and with full EMC protection built in. The sensor provides a linear output proportional with input shaft rotation, which has full 360 degree rotational freedom. There is a machined registration mark to identify the calibrated mid point. Overall performance, repeatability and stability are outstanding over a wide temperature range.

The G500 has long service life and environmental resistance with a rugged stainless steel body and shaft. The flange or servo mounting options make the sensor easy to install, it also offers a range of mechanical options.

Environmental sealing is to IP65 or IP67 depending on selected cable or connector options.



#### SPECIFICATION

Dimensions Body diameter 35 mm Body Length (to seal face) 44 mm 15 mm Ø 6 mm Shaft Shaft 15 IIIII  $\emptyset$  0 IIIII For full mechanical details see drawing G500-11 **ndependent Linearity**  $\leq \pm 0.25\%$  FSO @ 20°C - up to 100° **emperature Coefficients**  $< \pm 0.01\%$ /°C Gain &  $< \pm 0.01\%$ FS/°C Offset Independent Linearity Temperature Coefficients **Frequency Response** > 10 kHz (-3dB) Infinite < 0.02% FSO Resolution Noise < 20 mNm Static Torque **Intrinsic Safety** Class I, Zone 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga AEx ia IIC T4 Ga Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; T4 (Ta = -40°C to +80°C) Approval only applies to the specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen  $\le 21\%$ Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W. Ci: 1.16µF, Li: 50µH Ci: 1.36µF, Li: 860µH with 1km max. cable Sensor Input Parameters (connector option/s) (cable option/s) Ènvironmental Temperature Limits -40°C to +80°C -40°C to +125°C IP65/IP67 depending on connector / cable option EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3 Operating Storage Sealing EMC Performance IEC 68-2-6: 10 g IEC 68-2-29: 40 g Vibration Shock 1EC 68-2-29: 40 g 350,000 hrs 40°C Gf MTBF Drawing List Sensor Outline G500-11 3D models, step or .igs format, available on request.

Do you need a position sensor made to order to suit a particular installation requirement or specification? We'll be happy to modify any of our designs to suit your needs - please contact us with your requirements.



For further information please contact: www.positek.com sales@positek.com Tel: +44(0)1242 820027 fax: +44(0)1242 820615 Positek, Andoversford Industrial Estate, Cheltenham GL54 4LB. U.K.



### G500 ROTARY SENSOR **INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES**

Intrinsically safe equipment is defined as "equipment which is incapable of releasing sufficient electrical or thermal energy under normal or abnormal conditions to cause ignition of a specific hazardous atmosphere mixture in its most easily ignited concentration.

CSA approved to;

Class I, Zone 0 Ex ia IIC T4 Ga AEx ia IIC T4 Ga Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; T4  $(Ta = -40^{\circ}C to +80^{\circ}C)$ 

Designates the sensor as belonging to; Class I, Zone 0: can be used in areas with continuous, long or frequent periods of exposure to hazardous gas / vapours. Protection class ia IIC, denotes intrinsically safe for Zones 0, 1 & 2 and IIA, IIB and IIC explosive gases. Temperature class T4: maximum sensor surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

Ambient temperature range extended to -40°C to +80°C.

It is imperative Positek<sup>®</sup> intrinsically safe sensors be used in conjunction with a galvanic barrier to meet the requirements of the product certification. The Positek G005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is purpose made for Positek IS sensors making it the perfect choice. Refer to the G005 datasheet for product specification and output configuration options.

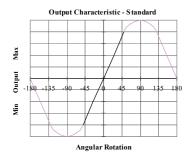
For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

> g Z000

CSA approved sensors suitable for dust (H series) applications, are also available from Positek.

	а	b	с	d	е	f	
G500 .	Displacement	А	Adjustments	Connections	Option	Opti	on
a Diank					Value		d (
· ·	acement				value		
Factory se (e.q. 0-54°)	et to any angle fro	om 0-1	6° (±8°) to 0-16	50° (±80°)	54		Cab
b Outpu	ut						Speci cable cable
	<b>Ipply V<sub>dc</sub></b> tolerance)		Output		Code		e s
+5V (4.5 -	5.5V)	0.5 - 4	.5V (ratiometric with	h supply)	Α		Non
Supply Curre	ent 10mA typical, 12mA	max.					Spru
c Calibr	ation Adjustme	ents			Code		f S
Accessible	e default				blank		Flar
Sealed					Y		Serv
d Conn	ections				Code		See o
Connecto	r IP65 4 pin (3+e	arth) D	0IN 43650 `C'		J		g 2
Connecto	r IP65 4 pin (3+e	arth) D	0IN 43650 `C',		Jxx		Cali
pre-wired 3-o							Con
Connector pre-wired 5-0	r IP65 4 pin (3+e <sup>core cable</sup>	arth) D	0IN 43650 'C',		JQxx		Con
Cable glar	nd IP67 M12, nylo	on, 3-co	ore cable		Lxx		≤±
Cable glar	nd IP67 M12, nylo	on, 5-co	ore cable		LQxx		0 - 1
Cable glar	nd, short <sup><math>\dagger</math></sup> IP67, n	netal, 3	-core cable		Мхх		

d Connections continued	Code
Cable gland, short <sup>†</sup> IP67, metal, 5-core cable	MQxx
Specify required cable length ' <b>xx'</b> in cm. e.g. L2000 specifies axial cable gland with cable, 50 cm supplied as standard. <b>Note!</b> maximum length supplied 15000cm. 'Nb cable pull strength.	n 20 m of restricted
e Shaft Option	Code
None default	blank
Sprung to stop up to 100° maximum	Ν
f Sensor Mounting	Code
Flange default	blank
Servo Mount	Ρ
See drawing G500-11 for details.	
g Z-code	Code
Calibration to suit G005 required	Z000
Connector IP67 M12 IEC 61076-2-101 must have options 'Y' & 'J'	Z600
Connector IP67 M12 IEC 61076-2-101 must have option `J'	Z601
$\leq \pm$ 0.1% FSO @20°C Independent Linearity 0 - 16° min. to 0 - 100° max.	Z650





For further information please contact: www.positek.com sales@positek.com Tel: +44(0)1242 820027 fax: +44(0)1242 820615 Positek, Andoversford Industrial Estate, Cheltenham GL54 4LB. U.K.



## Three or Five-Wire Mode Connection FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Positek<sup>®</sup> Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance<sup>†</sup> depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area<sup>‡</sup> and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross sectional area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm<sup>2</sup>, copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

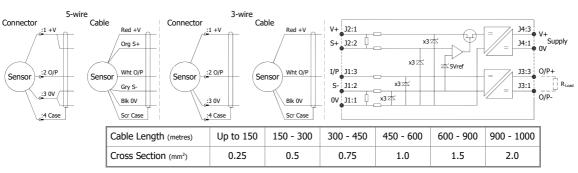
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

**Three wire mode** connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

**Five wire mode** connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can 'sense' the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to  $15\Omega$  per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Positek<sup>®</sup> recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a  $\pm 1\%$  temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about -150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes **precedence** and **must not** be exceeded.

Positek<sup>®</sup> sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm<sup>2</sup> cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

G005-\*\*\* for `G' and `H' prefix sensors X005-\*\*\* for `E', `M' and `X' prefix sensors

 $\frac{1}{2}$  R =  $\rho$ L/A  $\rho$  is the resistivity of the conductor ( $\Omega$ m) L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area (m<sup>2</sup>).

<sup>+</sup>It is presumed that **d**irect **c**urrent flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.

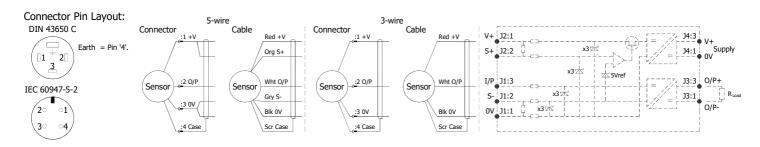




## Generic Installation Information G SERIES SENSORS

INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

CSA Qualified Intrinsically Safe Device Certificate number 13.2588225			Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Class I, Zone 0, AEx ia IIC T4 Ga Class I, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D; T4 (Ta = $-40^{\circ}$ C to $+80^{\circ}$ C)
Electronics Version	Output Description:	Supply Voltage: V <sub>s</sub> (tolerance)	Load resistance:
EX08	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply)	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V) 10mA Nom.	5kΩ min



### **Putting Into Service:**

This sensor must only be installed, operated and maintained by competent and suitably trained personnel. The installation and maintenance must be carried out in accordance with all appropriate international, national and local standard codes of practice and site regulations for intrinsically safe apparatus. The use, installation, or maintenance of the sensor, in any other way than intended, may impair its operation or the protection it provides. The sensor must be used with a galvanic isolation barrier designed to supply the sensor with a nominal 5V and to transmit the sensor output to a safe area. The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V	Ii = 0.20A	Pi =	0.51W
Ci = 1.36µF*	Li = 860µ	uH*	(with maximum length integral cable)
Ci = 1.16µF	Li = 50µi	H	(without integral cable)

\*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 810nH/m

Cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Capacitance: ≤ 200 pF/m or max. total of: 200 nF

Inductance:  $\leq$  810 nH/m or max. total of: 810  $\mu$ H

Approval only applies to specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range: 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen  $\leq$  21%.

#### Markings and safety parameter information for product marked EX06, see annex 1.

#### **Environmental Conditions**

#### Pollution degree: 2

Installation category: I

Humidity 80% to temperatures up to 31 °C decreasing linearly to 50% rH at 40 °C; /// max 80% rh, non condensing. The sensor has been assessed for indoor use only. Where used outdoors suitable environmental protection **must** be provided.

#### Special Condition for Safe Use:

The apparatus does not meet the 500 V r.m.s dielectric strength test between circuit and frame, in accordance with clause 6.3.13 of IEC 60079-11:2011. This must be taken into consideration on installation.

Under certain extreme circumstances, the non-metallic and isolated metal parts incorporated in the enclosure of this equipment may generate an ignition-capable level of electrostatic charge. Therefore the equipment shall not be installed in a location where the external conditions are conducive to the build-up of electrostatic charge on such surfaces. This is particularly important if the equipment is installed in a zone 0 location. In addition, the equipment shall only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

#### Use:

The sensor is designed to measure Linear or rotary displacement and provide a proportional analogue output signal.

P.T.O





### **Assembly and Dismantling:**

The unit is not to be serviced or dismantled and re-assembled by the user. WARNING: Substitution of components may impair intrinsic safety. AVERTISSEMENT: La substitution de composants peut altérer la sécurité intrinsèque.

#### **Maintenance:**

No maintenance is required.

Annex 1 - Markings and Entity Parameters for product with EX06 electronics system.

Ex ia IIC T4 (Ta= -40 to 80°C) AEx ia IIC T4 (Ta= -40 to 80°C)

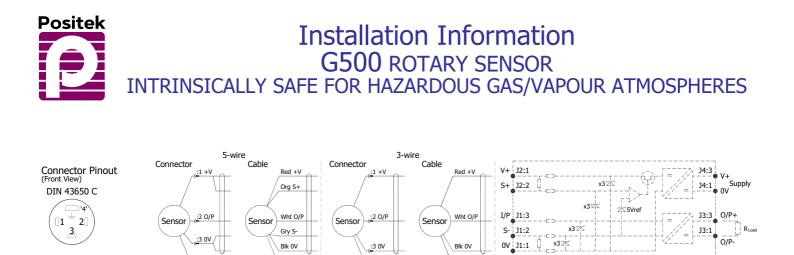
Ui = 11.4V	Ii = 0.20A	Pi =	= 0.51W
Ci = 1.36µF*	Li = 710	µH*	(with maximum length integral cable)
Ci = 1.16µF	Li = 50µ	H	(without integral cable)

\*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 660nH/m

Cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Capacitance:  $\leq$  200 pF/m or max. total of: 200 nF Inductance:  $\leq$  660 nH/m or max. total of: 660  $\mu$ H





N.b. sensors supplied with cable, the free end must be appropriately terminated.

Scr Case

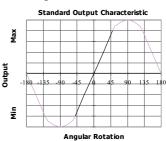
:4 Case

**Gain and Offset Adjustment:** (Where accessible - Typically  $\pm$  10% Min available) To adjust the gain or offset use a small potentiometer adjuster or screwdriver 2mm across. Do not apply too much force on the potentiometers.

**Mechanical Mounting:** Flange mounted or servo mount, with appropriate clips - see drawing G500-11. The sensor should be mounted with minimal axial and radial loading on the shaft for optimum life. It is recommended that the shaft is coupled to the drive using a flexible coupling. Tests indicate that life in excess of 16 million cycles can be achieved with 1kg side and end load.

:4 Case

**Output Characteristic:** The sensor has full rotational freedom and two sectors, 180° apart, over which linear response can be achieved. At the mid point of the calibrated range the output signal will be half full scale deflection, and the flat on the shaft is aligned with the registration mark in the base of the sensor. In the calibrated range the output increases as the shaft is rotated in an anti-clockwise direction viewed from the shaft. The calibrated output is factory set to be between 16° and 160°.



Calibration Adjustments

Offset

**Incorrect Connection Protection levels: Not protected** – the sensor is **not** protected against either reverse polarity or overvoltage. The risk of damage should be minimal where the supply current is limited to less than 50mA.

